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Items.	Amount spent, RS. A. P.
10 Purchase of blankets for distribution to the Pulayars of Lower Palani Hills as an antimalarial measure.	1,050 0 0
11 Grant of rewards at Rs. 50 each to the three social workers for doing meritorious service for the cause of removal of untouchability.	150 0 0
12 Opening of two Harijan Welfare schools with mid-day meals, one at Ramanathapuram and the other at Sankaralingapuram.	Separate figures not available
13 Opening of one Elementary school at Nallurkaduvalavu and one new hostel at Thandigudi for Pulayar children. A sum of Rs. 5,860 was spent up to 31st March 1955 on the maintenance of the hostel.	Do.
14 Grant at the District Harijan Sevak Sangh towards boarding grants and clothing and book allowances for 40 Adivasi boarders maintained in various hostels in the district.	6,400 0 0
15 Appointment of two Deputy Sevaks and two Assistants for doing effective propaganda for the removal of untouchability.	Separate figures not available.

(d) *Expenditure incurred from the Budget allotment towards establishment charges and the actual amount of subsidy and aid given for Harijans in the year* 1952.—Rs. 15,467–8–9 towards the cost of office establishment, Rs. 15,435–7–0 towards the pay of teachers and Rs. 1,19,018–4–6 towards grant, subsidy and mid-day meals.

APPENDIX II.

[*Vide* answer to starred question No. 2808 asked by Sri M. Chadayan at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 24th November 1955, page 338 supra.]

A Harijan named Nanu and a Thiya woman named Panchali met at Cheruthazham and grew intimate with each other. Panchali seems to have agreed to marry Nanu, as she was made to understand that Nanu was also a Thiya. On the 18th of May last, she left her house at Cheruthazham for Cannanore. Nanu met her at the Railway station as previously arranged and they got their marriage registered at the office of the Sub-Registrar on 20th May, 1955. Thereafter they were living at Chirakkal.

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Very soon, Panchali seems to have found that Nanu was not of her caste, and she appears to have written to her people to come and take her home. On the 24th of May, four persons from Cheruthazham who are all related to Panchali and five others from Chirakkal went to Nanu's house, but it seems Panchali refused to go with them because Nanu and his father had forced her to say so.

In the meanwhile, Nanu's father Vattiyan complained to the Village Munsif, Chirakkal, that on the midnight of 24th May, nine persons came to his house, broke the bars of the windows, forced him to open the door and restore his daughter-in-law Panchali, and also beat him, his son Nanu and daughter-in-law Panchali. The village munsif sent his report to the Baliapatam Police station. It was registered as Crime No. 53 of 1955 under Sections 147, 448 and 323, I.P.C., and the case was investigated. The investigation revealed that the nine persons who went to bring back Panchali to her place, entered Nanu's house in good faith with the intention of tracing the missing woman and that they had not committed any mischief or assault.

TAMIL NADU LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
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TRUTH ALONE TRIUMPHS